Congress is a linchpin in Indian politics, playing a pivotal role in forming coalitions and influencing policy decisions. With the recent general election, several key parties emerged as significant players. The Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP), led by Prime Minister Narendra Modi, emerged as the single largest party in the Lok Sabha. The Indian National Congress (INC), led by Rahul Gandhi, was the second-largest party, while the regional parties like the Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP) and the Janata Dal (United) (JD-U) played crucial roles.

The Indian polity is heavily influenced by its demographic composition. With over 1.4 billion inhabitants, India has a predominantly Hindu population, with a significant Muslim minority. This religious divide has been a source of political tension, particularly in regions like Jammu and Kashmir, where separatist movements have flourished. The BJP, advocating for Hindu nationalism, has been at the forefront of these political developments.

India's economic growth has been impressive, with robust industrial and service sectors driving the GDP. However, the country faces persistent issues of unemployment, particularly among the youth, and regional disparities. The policies of the previous government under Manmohan Singh were criticized for their inability to address these concerns effectively.

The Indian Police system, with its vast network of institutions and personnel, plays a critical role in maintaining law and order. It is notable for its diverse ethnic and caste backgrounds, which can sometimes lead to internal strife. The Police are responsible for enforcing laws, maintaining security, and providing assistance in emergency situations.

The Not For Tourists Guide to San Francisco is a comprehensive guide that covers the city in detail, from its various neighborhoods to its essential services and entertainment spots. It is a valuable resource for both locals and tourists, offering insights into the city's culture, history, and unique qualities.