Demystifying Global Macroeconomics John E. Martinhon 2020-02-10 Demystifying Global Macroeconomics (DGMM) provides readers with a practical, working use of international macroeconomics. For serious business and political leaders, understanding the global interconnections in economic and financial markets is crucial for making informed and well-timed decisions. DGM takes the mystery out of seemingly complex economic interactions by providing an easy-to-understand framework within which to analyze the effects of economic, social, and political shocks to a nation’s economy. John E. Martinhiç enlenses the three major macroeconomic sectors, which are the credit market, goods and services market, and foreign exchange market. The author provides the reader with contemporary examples that virtually leap off the front pages of our daily news reports and confront business managers and politicians with choices and decisions to make. For example, DGM shows how to use macroeconomic tools and a global framework to analyze the effects of U.S. tariffs on China and China’s tariffs on the United States. Infrastructure spending Speculative capital outflows from nations under stress, such as Argentina and Turkey, and speculative capital inflows into safe-haven countries, such as Switzerland and Demonestration in India Successfully fighting the opioid abuse problem in the United States Border adjustment tax Monetary policy Fiscal policies Martinhiç enlenses readers visually engaged with the strategic use of figures, tables, charts, and illustrative exhibits.

Demystifying Global Macroeconomics emphasizes the interaction among markets and equips readers with a macroeconomic perspective that will last (and be used) for years. If you are adopting this book for a teaching course, please contact Stefan.Cieslas@degruyter.com to request additional instructional material.

Course Tutor Gerald W. Stone 2008 Back to Basics International Monetary Fund 2017-11-01 This paper discusses about capitalism that is often thought of as an economic system in which private actors own and control property in accord with their interests, and demand supply freely set prices in a way that can serve the best interests of society. The essential feature of capitalism is the motive to make a profit. In a capitalist economy, capital assets—such as factories, mines, and railroads—can be privately owned and controlled, labor is purchased for money wages, capital gains accrue to private owners, and prices allocate capital and labor between competing uses. Although some form of capitalism is the basis for nearly all economies today, for much of the past century it was but one of two major approaches to economic organization. In the other, socialism, the state owns the means of production, and state-owned enterprises seek to maximize social good rather than profits.

Frontiers of Development Economics Gerald M. Meier 2001 With contributions from 35 leading economists, this forward-looking book explores the future of development economics against the background of the past half-century of development thought and practice. Outstanding representatives of the past two generations of development economists assess development thinking at the turn of the century and look to the unsettled questions confronting the next generation. The volume offers a thorough analysis of the broad range of issues involved in development economics, and it is especially timely in its critique of what is needed in development theory and policy to reduce poverty. An outstanding feature is whether in the future ‘Development Economics’ is to be regarded simply as applied economics or whether the nature and scope of development economics should be rethought to provide a special development theory to supplement general economic theory. ‘Frontiers of Development Economics’ is an ideal reference for all those working in the international development community.

Theory in Stone Richard Kiekhaefer 2004-04-08 Thinking about church architecture has come to an impasse. Reformers and traditionalists are talking past each other. In Theory in Stone, Richard Kiekhaefer seeks to help both sides move beyond the standoff toward a fruitful conversation about houses of worship. Drawing on a wide range of historical examples with an eye to their contemporary relevance, he offers refreshing new ideas about the meanings and uses of church architecture.

Core Economics Gerald W. Stone 2008 This traditional textbook focuses on the core topics in economics. It includes the usual textbook apparatus, including key terms and definitions. It also includes end-of-chapter questions and problems, many of which have been drawn from news headlines and the business pages.

What’s Wrong with Modern Money Theory? Gerald A. Epstein 2019-08-09 This Palgrave Pivot assesses the validity of Modern Money Theory’s approach to macroeconomic policy, specifically monetary and fiscal policy. Whereas other papers have focused primarily on theoretical and doctrinal issues, this book focuses primarily on an analysis of MMT’s policy approach. Though drawing on academic literature, this book’s approach is empirical and policy-based, making it accessible to scholars and the public alike. It addresses a burning question in the minds of many: Is MMT a viable policy approach for a special development theory to supplement general economic theory? ‘Frontiers of Development Economics’ is an ideal reference for all those working in the international development community.

Economics: A Contemporary Introduction William A. McEachern 2005-05-05 This very successful textbook is distinguished by a superior writing style that draws upon common student experiences to introduce economic concepts, making economic theory more accessible and interesting. Case Studies and numerous examples take advantage of students’ intuitive knowledge of economics, building upon real-life situations. A streamlined design places pedagogy and illustrations directly within the flow of the text, making them less distracting and more useful for students. A fully integrated program of technology enhancements sets this text apart by pairing the book with numerous online multimedia learning tools that have been developed to help the text better serve a wide range of learning styles. The text uniquely integrates classroom use of The Wall Street Journal by including in-text pedagogy to help readers learn to analyze the latest economic events as reported in the Journal. Important Notice: Media content referenced within the product description or the product text may not be available in the ebook version.

Handbook of Behavioral Economics - Foundations and Applications 2 John E. Martin 2019-02-11 This handbook is a collection of chapters written by experts in the field of behavioral economics. These chapters cover a wide range of topics, including the effects of behavioral biases on decision-making, the role of emotions in economic outcomes, and the influence of social norms on economic behavior.

Core Economics and now titled Economics: Principles for a Changing World, the new edition is thoroughly contemporary, fully integrated print/technology resource that adapts to the way you want to teach. As always, this concise book focuses on the topics most often covered in the principles course, but with this edition, it offers a stronger emphasis than ever on helping students apply an economic way of thinking to the overwhelming flow of data we face every day. Economics: Principles for a Changing World is fully informed by Eric Chiang’s experiences teaching thousands of students worldwide, both in person and online. Developing the text, art, media, homework, and ancillaries simultaneously, Chiang translates those experiences into a cohesive approach that embodies the book’s founding principles. To use technology as a tool for learning—before lectures, during class, when doing homework, and at exam time To help students harness the vast literary they need as economists to make complex economic information more accessible. To provide a real-world perspective, showing the different ways people around the world confront economic problems An Introduction to Linear Programming and Game Theory Paul R. Thie 2011-09-15 Praise for the Second Edition "This is quite a well-distributed book, and the arrangement of topics is well thought out. The book is well written and has numerous examples, illustrations, and applications. ..." —Mathematical Reviews of the American Mathematical Society An Introduction to Linear Programming and Game Theory, Third Edition presents a rigorous, yet accessible, introduction to the theoretical concepts and computational techniques of linear programming and game theory. Now with more extensive modeling exercises and detailed integer programming examples, this book uniquely illustrates how mathematics can be used in real-world applications in the social, life, and managerial sciences, providing readers with the opportunity to develop and apply theiranalytical abilities when solving realistic problems. This Third Edition addresses various new topics and improvement in the field of mathematical programming, and it also presents two software programs, LP Assistant and the Solver add-in for Microsoft Excel, for solving linear programming problems. LPAssistant, developed by coauthor Gerald Keough, allows readers to perform the basic steps of the algorithms provided in the book ands freely available via the book’s related website. The use of the sensitivity analysis report and integer programming algorithm from the Solver add-in for Microsoft Office Excel is introduced so readers can solve the book’s linear and integer programming problems. A new appendix contains instructions for the use of software applications. The third edition of this book is distinguished by a superior writing style that draws upon common student experiences to introduce economic concepts, making economic theory more accessible and interesting. Case Studies and numerous examples, illustrations, and applications.

Introduction to Linear Programming and Game Theory, Third Edition includes: A discussion of sensitivity analysis for the two-variable problem, along with new examples demonstrating integer programming, non-linear programming, and making vs. buy models Revised proofs and a discussion on the relevance and solution of the dual problem A section on developing an example in Data Envelopment Analysis An outline of the proof of John Nash’s theorem on the existence of equilibrium strategy pairs for non-cooperative, non-zero-sum games Providing a complete mathematical development of all presented concepts and examples, Introduction to Linear Programming and Game Theory, Third Edition is an ideal textbook for linear programming and mathematical modeling courses at the undergraduate and graduate levels. It also serves as a valuable reference for professionals who use game theory in business, economics, and management science.